

Introduction

VIRGINITY TABOO

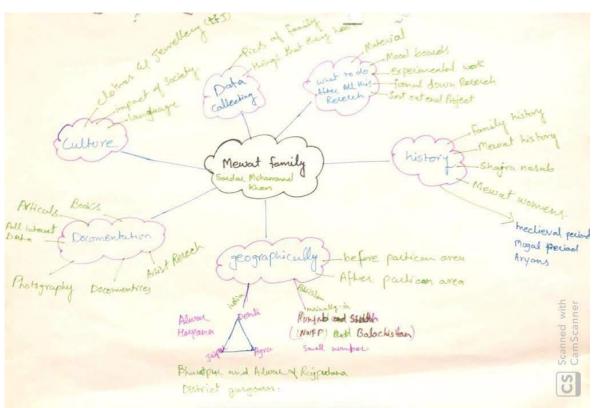
The virginity of a bride is still considered a virtue in communities throughout the world. Virginity testing, the examination of the genitals as a way to determine sexual chastity, remains popular in communities that place a high premium on virginity for social, economic, and religious reasons.

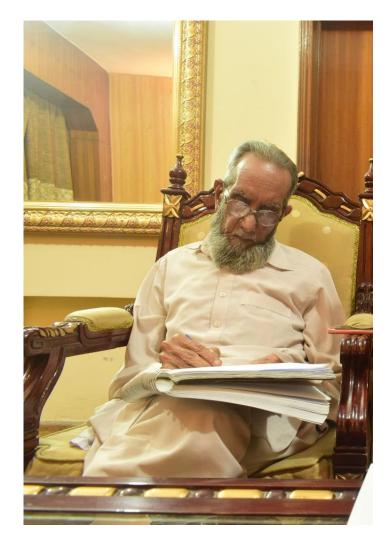


Mind maps

Primary research







Sultan Ahmed KhanBrother of my great grand father

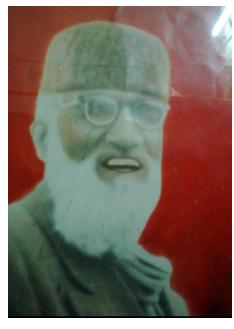


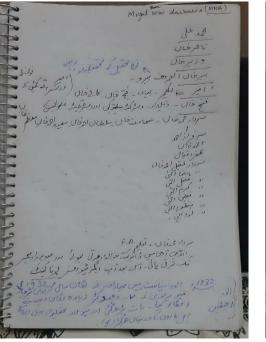
Sultan Ahmed khan

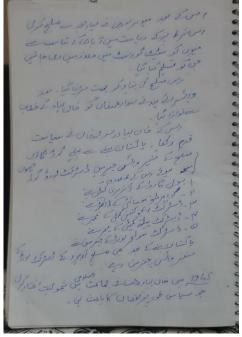
I interviewed one of the brothers of my great grandfather Sultan Ahmed Khan. I got a lot of authentic information from him directly about the efforts my great grandfather had put particularly for the mewatties and others as well. He wrote my family tree in urdu with the help of this I started to complete my family tree.



Sardar Muhammad Khan (khan bahadur**)**My great grandfather



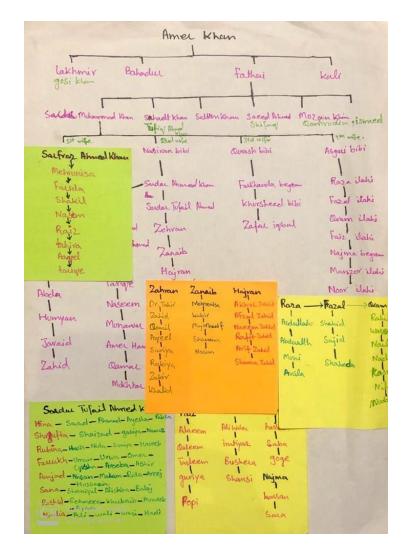


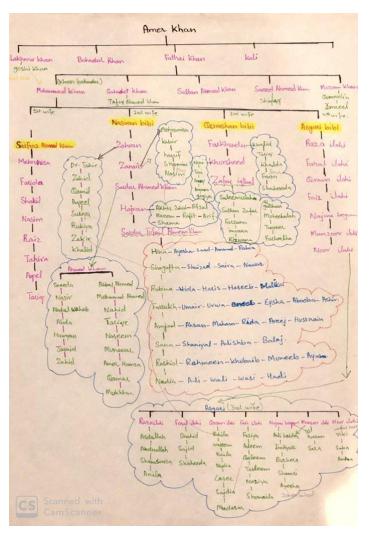




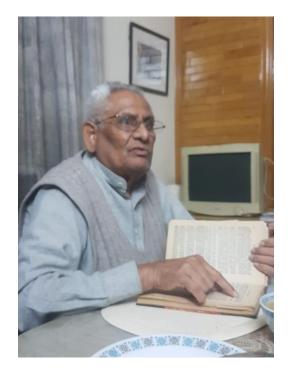
mewatti tribe.

Family Tree





Here is my family tree. My great grandfather had four wives and even I don't know exact number of his offsprings. In my research I interviewed one of the brothers of my grandfather Sultan Ahmed Khan. I got a lot authentic information from him directly about the efforts my great grandfather had put particularly for the mewatties and others as well.



Shahabuddin Khan Meo

Founder Trustee and Chairman of the Munshi Qamaruddin khan foundation for Education and He is a researcher in the Department of History, Quaid-e-Azam University I met uncle shahabuddin khan Meo in Isalamabad.. He is my dada's sister daughters husband. He wrote many articles on mewati tribe. I talked about mewatti culture, history and my own family history. His house is like a library and numerous thing related to meo people. I found a lot of picturess there that help me a lot to research about mewatti culture before and after parttion.

Secondary research Research resources that I found their Books

- Resisting Regimes by shail mayaram
- State history against state by shail mayaram
- Mewat by nizamudin
- Contestations and accommodations(mewat and meos in Mughal india) by suraj bhan

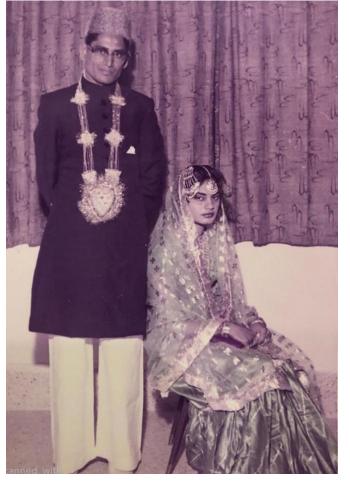
Articles

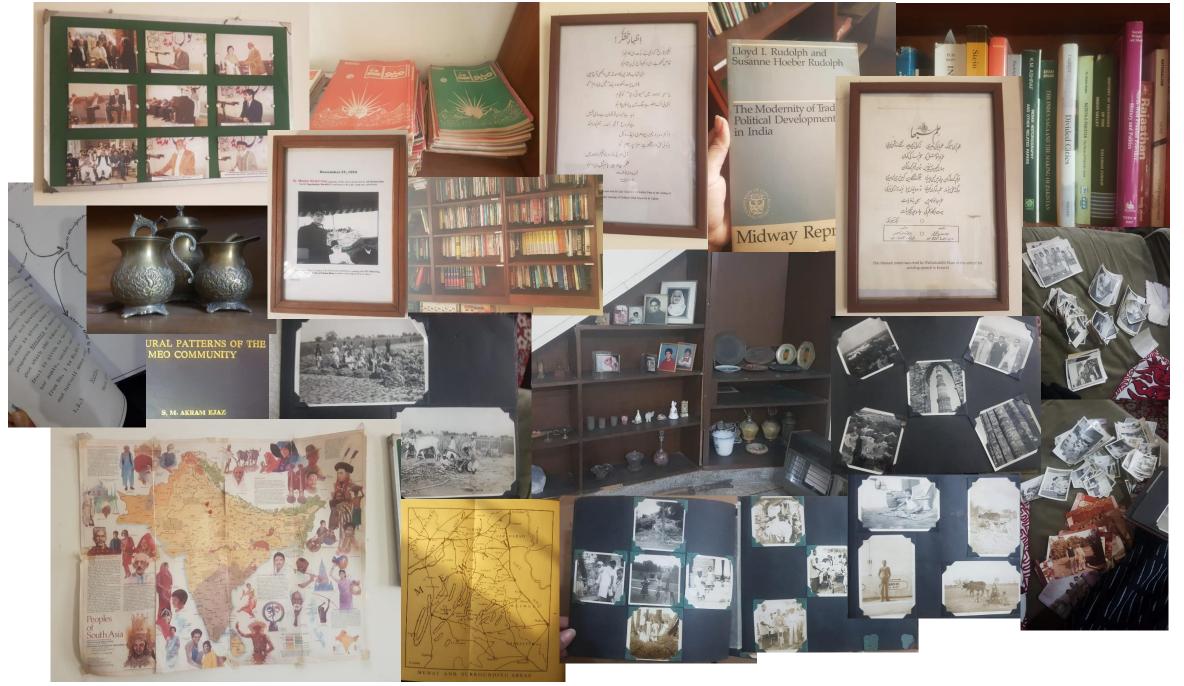
- · Meoni of mewat by Yoginder sikand
- · History of mewat by shahbuddin
- Meos of Pakistan by younginder singh
- Kingship and marriage by shahduddin
- Call of mewat (the tribune)
- · History of mewat by shahduddin
- What should we know about the meo muslims of mewat by Hindustantime
- Subaltern history and meos of mewat by Dr.shall mayaram

Thesis

- Kingship and marriage by zara ahmed 1983
- Culture patterens of mewat community by S.M Akram Ejaz 1957
- Assimilation of meo community by ambreen kanwal 2000











Collected photographs

These are the pictures that I collected from my uncle shahabuddin and some of my family members.





































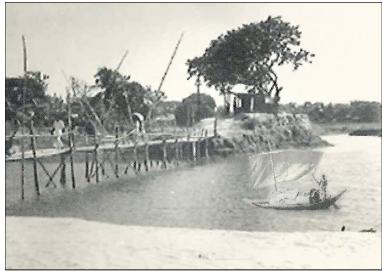














When I didn't find any direction I used my pictures to make collages and do some experimental work.

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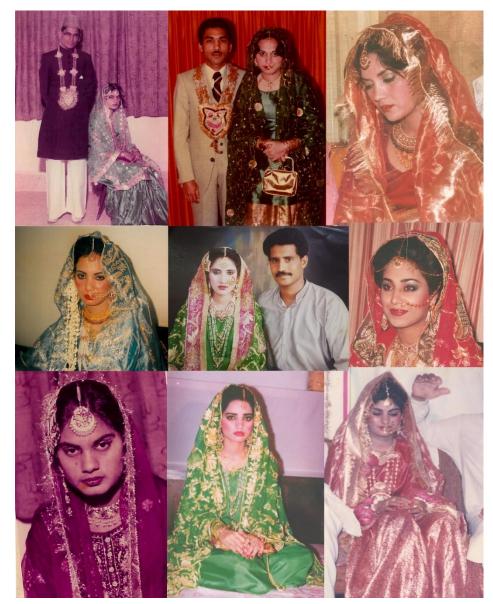


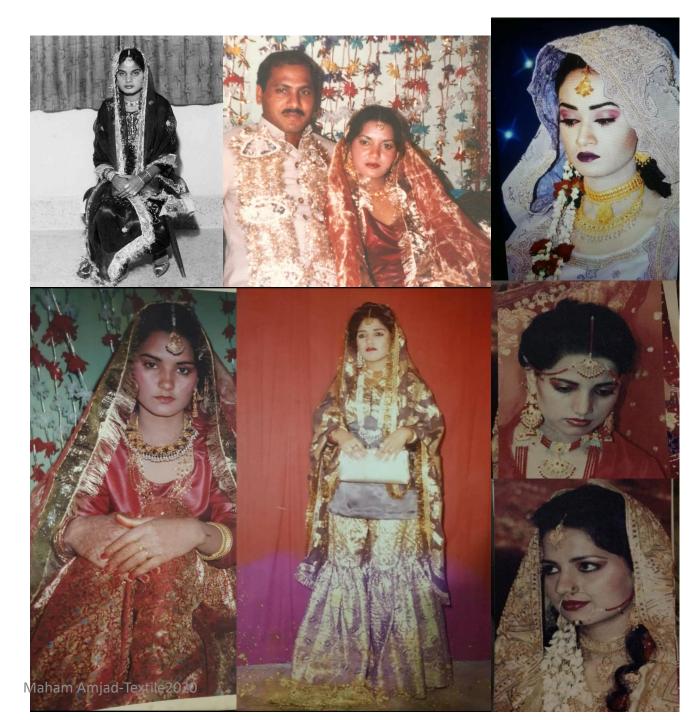


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Old pictures of Meo brides

In this hole journey my phopo and my all family members helped me a lot and they also gave me their old pictures for my thesis.























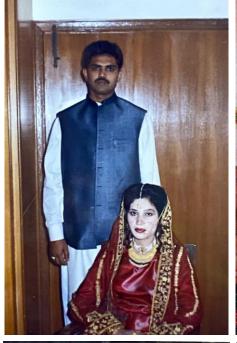






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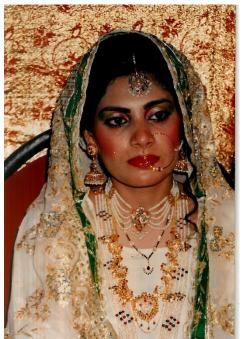
























MOOD BOARDS

I interview my grandmother to make it understand old customs and traditions of mewatt. All these mood boards related to jewellery are made by the help of grandmother. She helped me by drawing the designs of jewellery and one by one telling the names of them which she used to wear and see in her time.

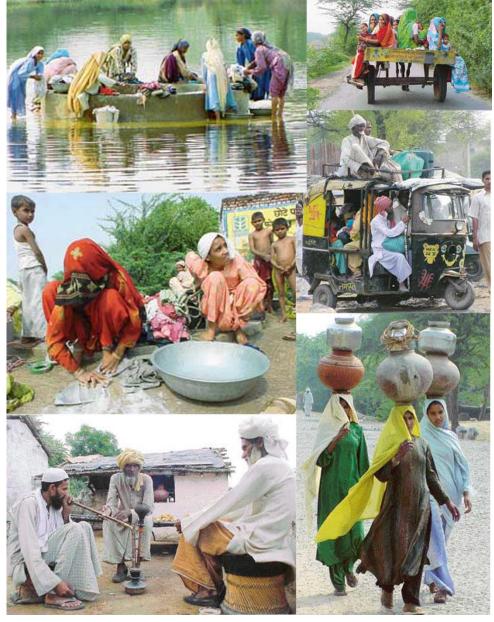






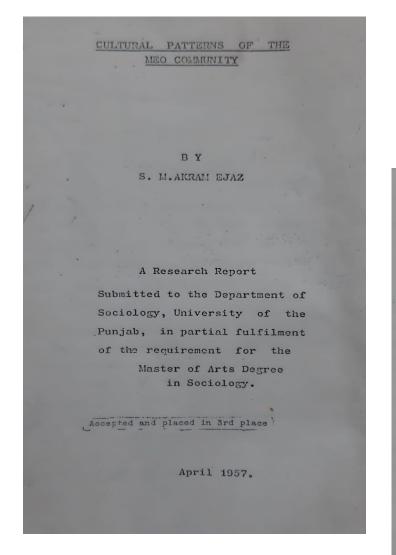






Research Gap

While researching on my ancestral tribe
Rajput Meo, I discovered the rituals and
traditions of Mewat in India, one of them
being the virginity test for a newly wed on
her wedding night. Taking this as my take-off
point for my project, I explored how the
policing of women happens as they are
objectified, divorced, or even killed as
outcomes of customs.



This is the thesis book where I read about the virginity test.

-: 49 :-

are robbed, the bridegroom does not seem to show any concern, but keeps on dragging her till he reaches the marc. A group of young men from the bridegroom's party who hold the mare help him to carry her away.

The bridegroom and the bride do not enter the house in the day light. They do so only after the sun sets (of course other members return earlier than the couple). The house is kept dark because it is the duty of the bride to light the rooms. After this the sweets are distributed among relatives and friends.

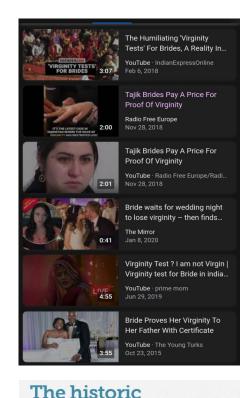
In the meantime a bed is spread by the sister or the mother of the bridegroom in one of the rooms. When she leaves for her room, the bride is given a hankerchief by one of the elderly ladies. The bride spreads this handkerchief in such a way that it is stained by the bleeding at that time of sexual intercourse. One the following morning this hankerchief is given to the mother-in-law as a proof of virginity. If there are no blood stains, divorce follows immediately. That is why parents marry their daughters at tender ages. If marriage takes place in relative advanced ages they assume there is danger that no bleeding may result at the time of first intercourse.

Online survey

I read so many articles and watched documentaries about virginity test happened on wedding night how they treat what they do with the couple and the family of a bride in different cultures.





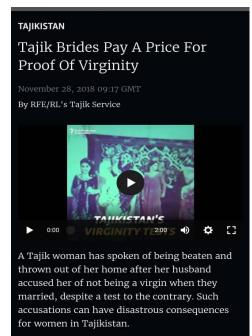


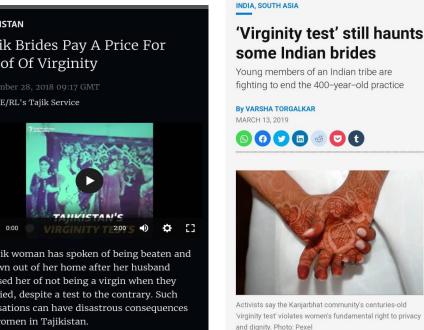
inspected after a couple's wedding

night to check for bloodstains that supposedly prove the bride's virginity.



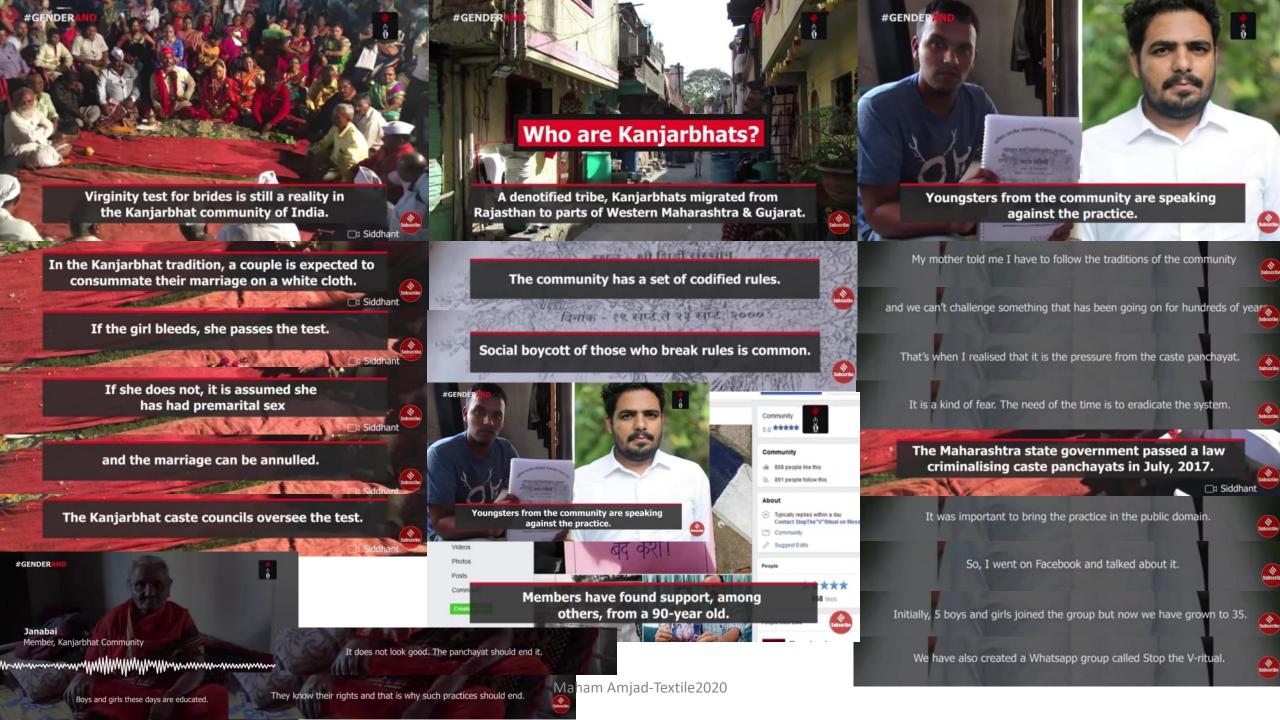






#GENDERAN













society.

But there's no solid
Method to prove virginity.
There is a thin membrane called hymen,
Which partially covers the vaginal opening.
During physical relations...
...this hymen,
Which is very delicate, tears...
...and that cause bleeding.
And this bleeding was considered as prove of deflowering in our society.
I want to tell you an important point.
Physical relation isn't the
Only reason for hymen's tear.

In many activities like men.
They play games like cricket,hockey,kabaddi..long jump
high jump

As we know .. women these days take part

And the hymen tears due to these activities can be break...
So if the hymen is already torn ..or the Absence of bleeding on first night..
Doesn't prove that the women Isn't a virgin..

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Artist research

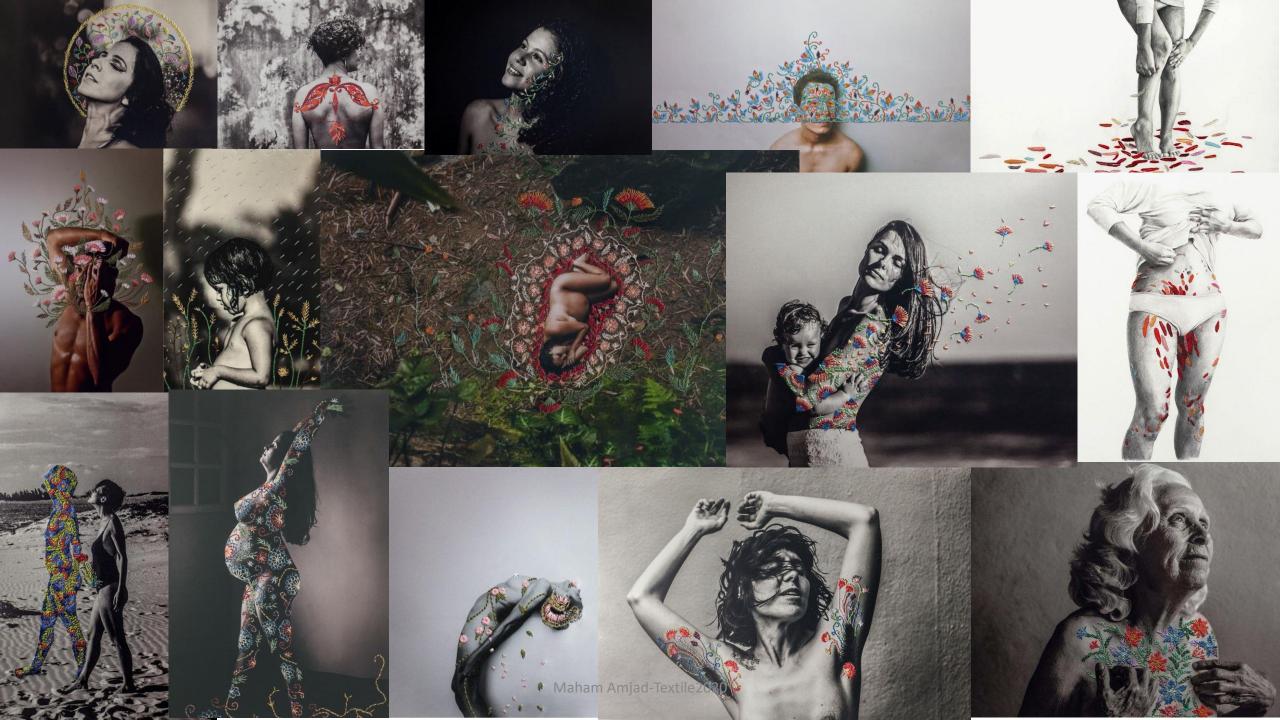
Aline brant

Aline Brant is one of those artists we are grateful they exist, as they are bringing so much happiness and innocence in our dark world. Indeed, this 34 year old Brazilian photographer perfectly knows how to capture light and love in her pictures and how to redistribute them to her beholders.

Her photography are displaying human beings in their simplicity, illustrating every step of life from playful children to elders full of pretty memories. The pictures are taken in natural light, without many effects, in black and white or in color, with truly delicate, organic tones. Her subjects are either in a neutral background or merged in a bucolic surrounding. However, Aline Brant doesn't content herself with making sweet photography. She is also retouching her pictures in a very special way, not digitally, but by patiently and carefully embroidering the photographic paper.

This unique and original concept is truly adding more poetry to her already gorgeous photos. With her embroideries, the artist is reconnecting her models with nature and dreams. Celebrating smiles and bodies, she gives us a sheer feel of freedom and hope. We are children again, forever. The intimacies shared are chaste, glorified and natural. With a lot of tenderness, the Rio de Janeiro based embroiderer is revealing the inner beauty of women and men with colored threads.

From complex designs to minimalistic touches, the embellishments are recalling us to enjoy the simple pleasures and to marvel of nature's wonders. The work of Aline Brant is essential in the fact that it is reminding us that nature is full of harmony, sweetness and love, that humanity should be too and that it is through art that we could find our lost paradise again.



Sarah Naqvi



Sarah Naqvi's uses embroidery to convey the idea behind her art rather than the aesthetic. The textile artist uses embroidery and watercolor to add a subtlety to her captivating art that takes on the subjects of gender, sexuality, menstruation, masturbation, body positivity, race, religion, and so much more. Her embroidery is driven by issues that girls and women experience globally.

























Jakkai siributr













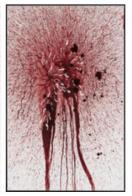


Imran Qureshi

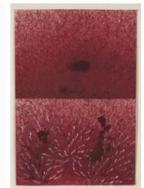
Imran Qureshi's practice is firmly rooted in the tradition of miniature painting, the subject he still teaches at the National College of Art in Lahore, an art form that reached its zenith during the Mughal Empire. Imran Qureshi has been exhibiting locally and internationally for almost twenty- five years and has greatly expanded the language of miniature painting, both in traditionally sized and crafted works and in many original variations in the form of site-specific installations, three-dimensional works, videos, and paintings on paper and canvas. His work is exemplary of a practice that combines a local background with a global outlook, artistically, socially and politically.

A master of the art of miniature, Imran Qureshi reworks the painting style typical of Mughal courts in the 16th to 19th centuries to depict flora, fauna, body parts, and calligraphic script. Following bombings in his home city of Lahore, he introduced blood-red paint into his palette, splattered or delicately drawn in works that contrast violence with beauty. Plant tendrils become splitting capillaries, human feet are patterned with tiny leaves, and oval canvases are covered in gold leaf. In pieces as small as six-by-eight inches or as large as room-size installations, he represents in abstracted terms the collective history of his country.



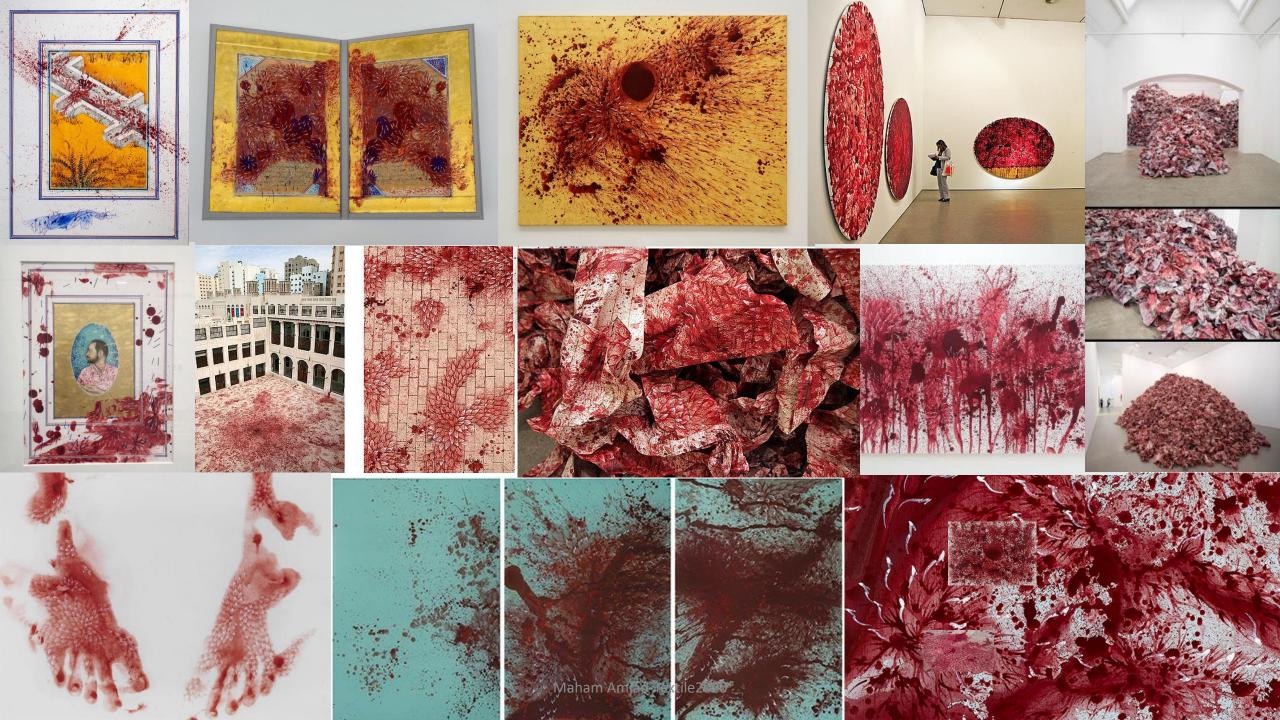








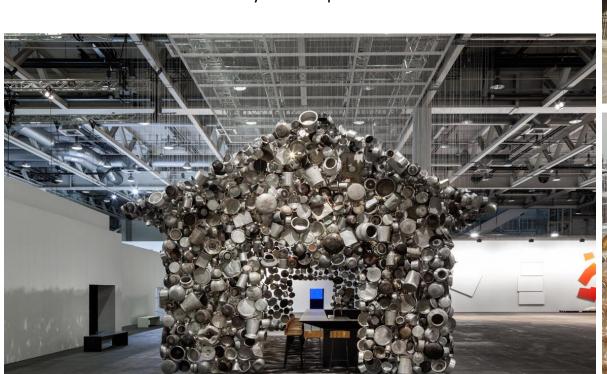






Subodh Gupta

Subodh Gupta is a contemporary Indian artist. Working across a variety of media, he is best known for his monumental sculptural works composed of everyday metal objects such as lunch boxes, tin cans, and cookware. Self-described as a representative of a cultural history, his work translates a spiritual quality through the items from which they are composed

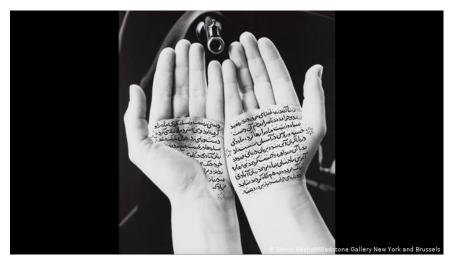








Shirin nishat













Abstract

Thesis statement

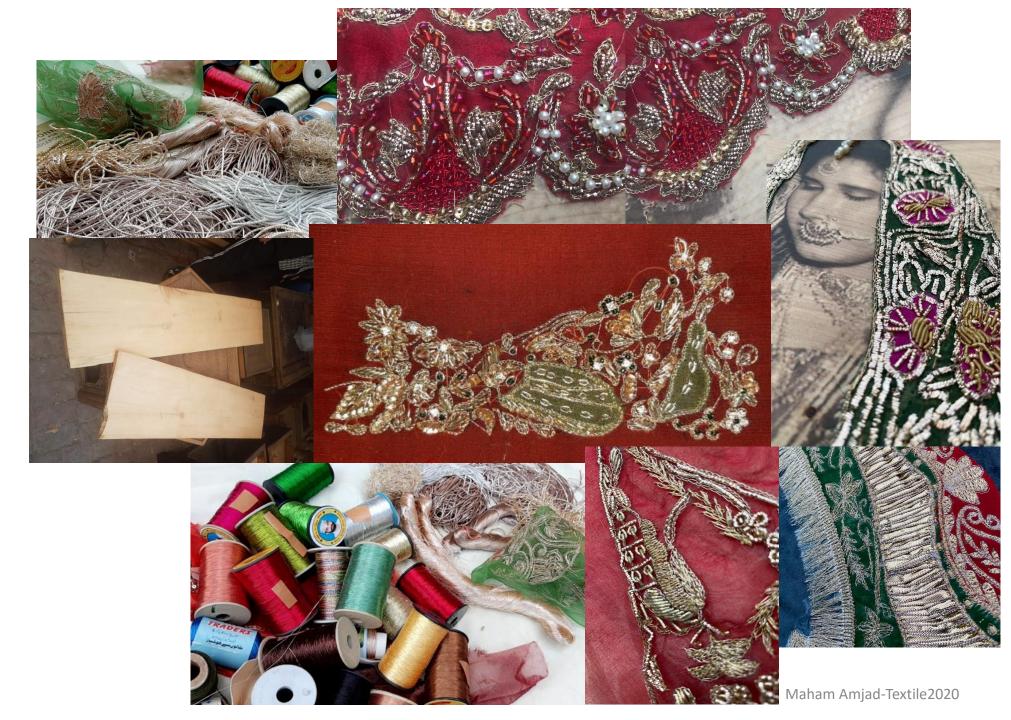
My thesis streams from my cast Rajput Meo, a triangle formed by Delhi, Agra and Jaipur as I explore traditions which date back to generations. Exploring Mewati culture, S.M Akram Ejaz in his book Culture Patterns of Mewat Community, 1957 I read about the distressing Virginity test, which had been practiced for decades. The test justified as being part of cultural norms and traditions and social practices, has been primarily revolved around women proving their virginity through the show of a stained white sheet to the entire clan. Newly-wed brides faced serious haunting repercussions, based on the outcomes of the test. The themes of 'red bedsheet' and crude labelling of the bride as the 'product' was and still is a testament to the misogynistic and patriarchal nature of the society which goes on to explain why people are obsessed with virginity. The custom practiced is viewed as the most 'culturally appropriate" method of testing allowing the bride to prove her virginity, the outcomes of which, may also lead to violence, shaming and divorce. Following the outcomes, my work comments around the prevalence and effects of virginity tests on the female victims and how they can be marginalized and alienated from the society. A world-wide phenomenon, this was practiced in all royal households in Europe as well throughout history to ensure Royal bloodline.

I have worked with the pictures of traditional Mewati brides using and highlighting the 'dupatta" as a metaphorical connotation to ensure the protection, honour and innocence of the bride along with the dichotomy of life under this veil.



Materials

- Dabka
- Naqshi
- Kora
- Lapa
- Raisham threads
- Tilla , Gotta
- Anchor threads
- Stones and Beads
- Raw silk , organza and chiffon, Brocade
- Wood



Fabrications Sampling work in detail with process









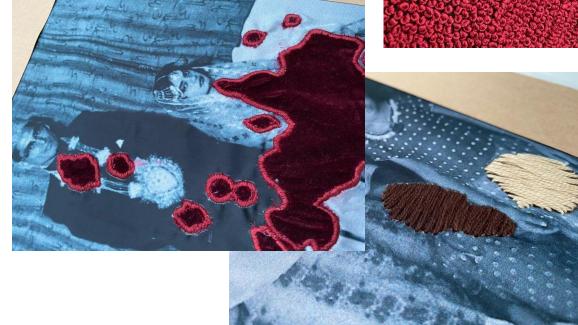












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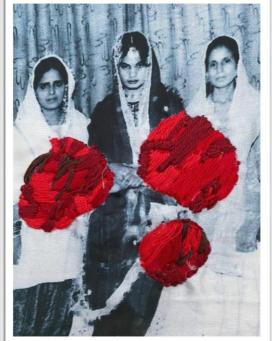


Techniques

- Heat sublimation printing on silk and brocade
- Machine embroidery
- Hand knot stitchesMaterial
- Organza, valvet and silk
- Tilla and silk thread















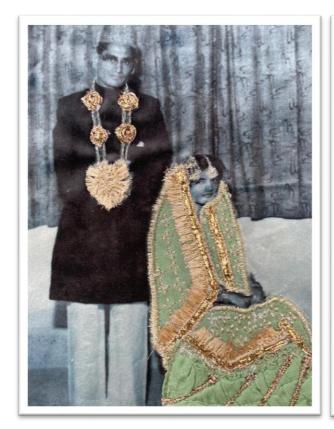


Technique

- Heat supplement technique used to transfer images on silk and velvet
- Hand stitches are used to represent virginity taboo indirect words

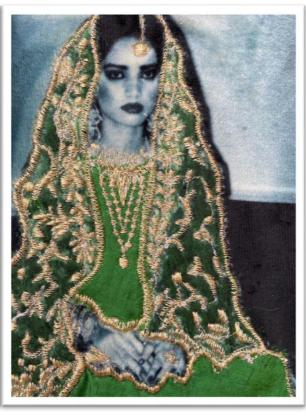
Material

- Anchor thread
- Silk and velvet









Techniques

- Heat sublimation printing on silk and valvet
- Machine embroidery

Material

- Organza, valvet and silk
- Tilla and silk thread
- Kiran and lapa

Mini thesis Display



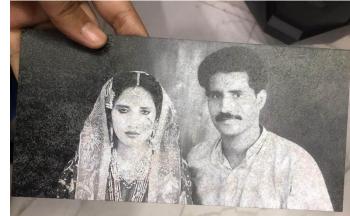


Final direction

My inception point for the respective project revolves around the theme of virginity test and its complications for the newlywed on her wedding night. My mini-thesis basically comprised of a direct model to depict my stance on the taboo of virginity, that is, utilizing brides' photographs via printing their photographs on fabric and highlighting their bloodstains through embroidery. I also made pragmatic use of an indirect model, that was hinged on giving exposition to the women's' dupattas, for the sake of denoting their weight and to take into account the stereotypes and ridicule faced by them on account of that factor. The wood encapsulated my final idea. Wood reflected the tough and exhausting lifestyle of the female faction. The purpose of embroidery was to bring the beauty of the women into the limelight and help the viewer gauge how women were scorned and let down by the other echelons of the society.

Printing on different woods

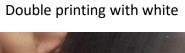


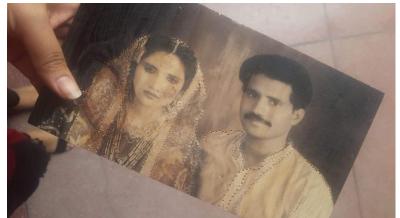


Lasani wood

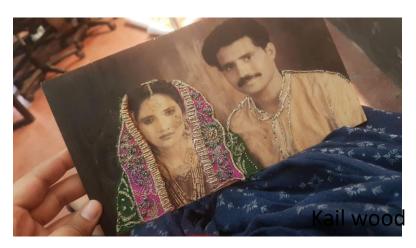


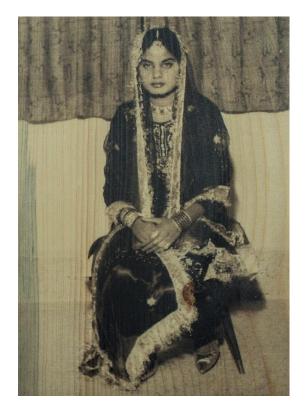
Deear wood



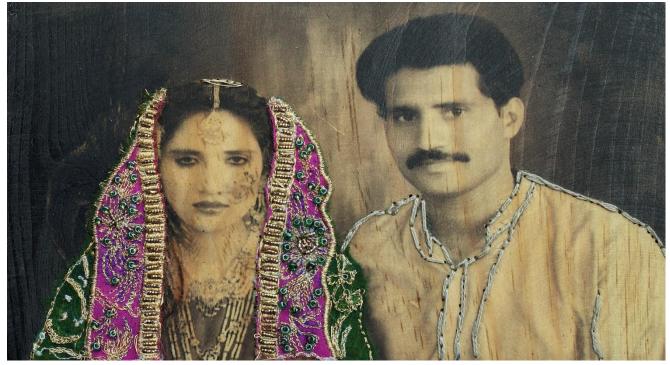


Kail wood





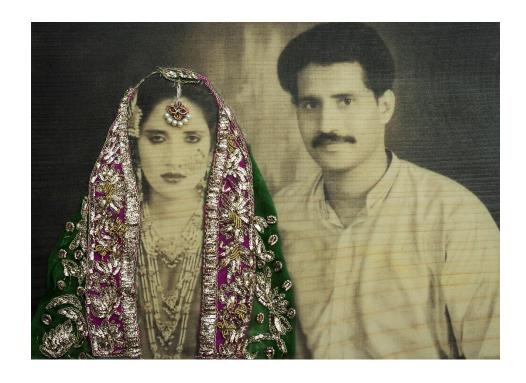




Size: 5x9

Material: Tilla, Kora, silk thread, beads, pure organza and wood

Technique: UV printing, machine and hande embroidery



Size: 8x11

Material: kora dabka,tilla silk thread,beads,pure

organza and wood

Technique: UV printing, Hand embroidery and adda

work



Size: 8x11

Material: kora dabka,tilla,silk thread,beads,

pure organza and wood

Technique: UV printing, Hand embroidery and adda work



Size: 7x10

Material: kora dabka, tilla, silk thread, beads,

pure organza and wood

Technique: UV printing, Hand embroidery and

adda work



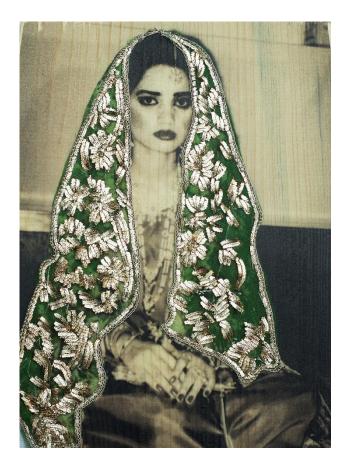
Size: 7x10

Material: kiran,tilla,silk thread,lapa,

pure organza and wood

Technique: UV printing, machine and

hand embroidery



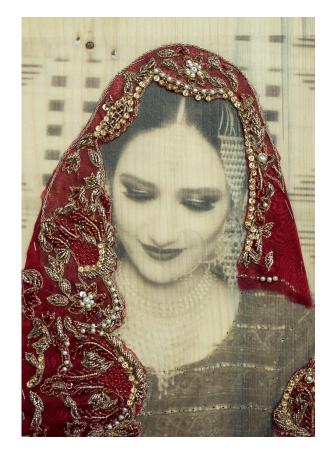
Size: 7x10

Material: Dabka, tilla, silk thread, pure

organza and wood

Technique: UV printing, Hand embroidery

and adda work



Size: 7x10

Material: kora dabka, tilla, silk thread, beads,

pure organza and wood

Technique: UV printing, Hand embroidery and

adda work



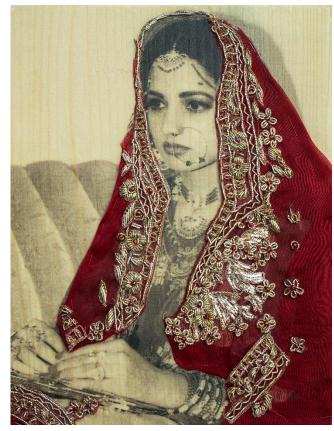
Size: 8x11

Material: kora dabka, tilla thread, beads,

pure organza and wood

Technique: UV printing, Hand embroidery and

adda work

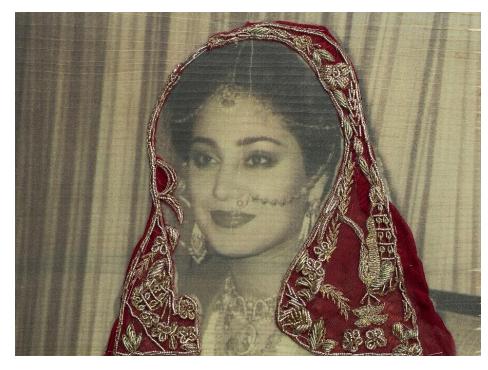


Size: 7x10

Material: kora dabka, tilla, silk thread, beads,

pure organza and wood

Technique: UV printing, Hand embroidery and



Size: 7x10

Material: kora dabka, tilla, silk thread, beads,

pure organza and wood

Technique: UV printing, Hand embroidery and adda work

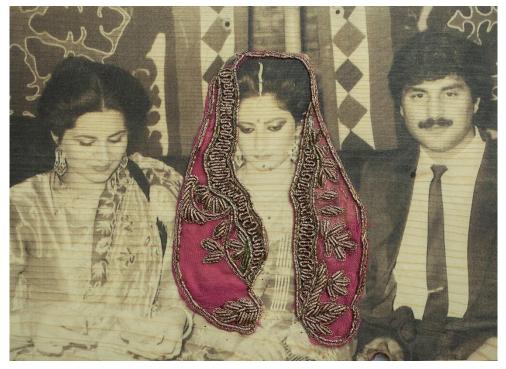


Size: 8x11

Material: kora dabka,tilla,silk thread,beads,

pure chiffon and wood

Technique: UV printing, Hand embroidery and adda work



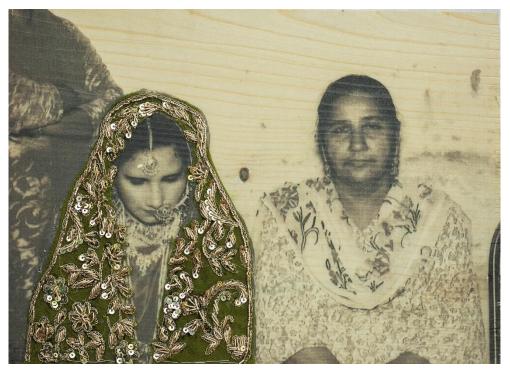
Size: 8x11

Material: kora dabka, tilla and silk thread,

pure chiffon

Technique: UV printing, Hand embroidery and

adda work

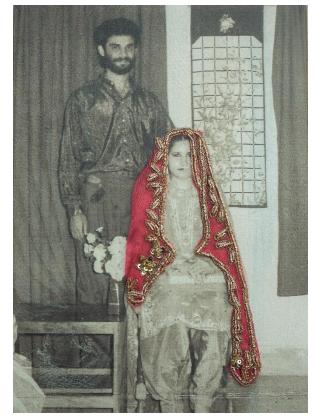


Size: 8x11

Material: kora dabka,tilla and silk thread,beads,sitarai,

pure chiffon

Technique: UV printing, Hand embroidery and



Size: 8x11

Material: kora dabka, tilla and silk thread, beads,

pure organza

Technique: UV printing, hand embroidery and

adda work



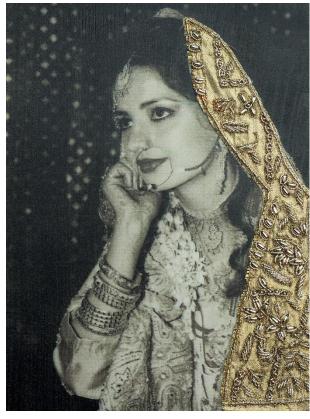
Size: 8x11

Material: kora dabka, tilla and silk thread, beads,

pure chiffon

Technique: UV printing, adda work and

hand embroidery



Size: 7x10

Material: kora dabka, tilla and silk thread, beads,

pure organza

Technique: UV printing, Hand embroidery and





Material: anchor thread and wood

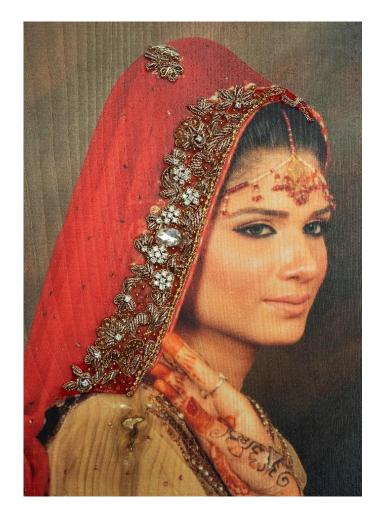
Technique: UV printing, Hand embroidery



Size: 8x11

Material: anchor thread and wood

Technique: UV printing, Hand embroidery

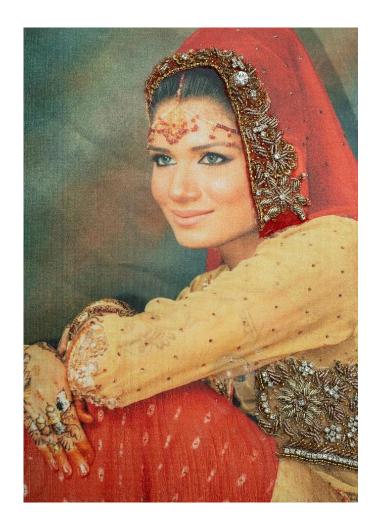


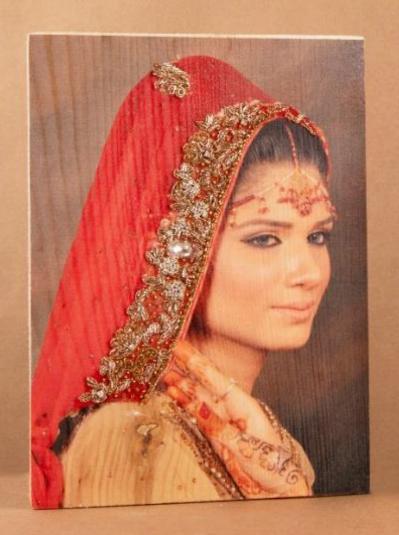


Material: kora dabka, tilla and silk thread, beads, stones,

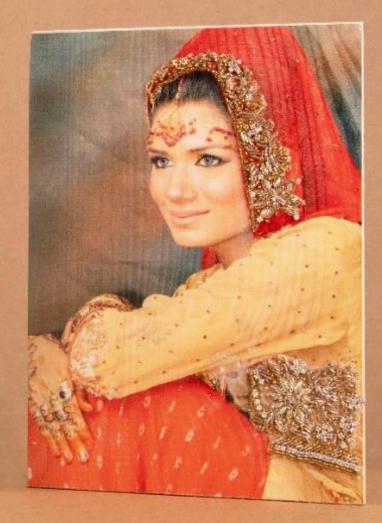
pure chiffon,wood

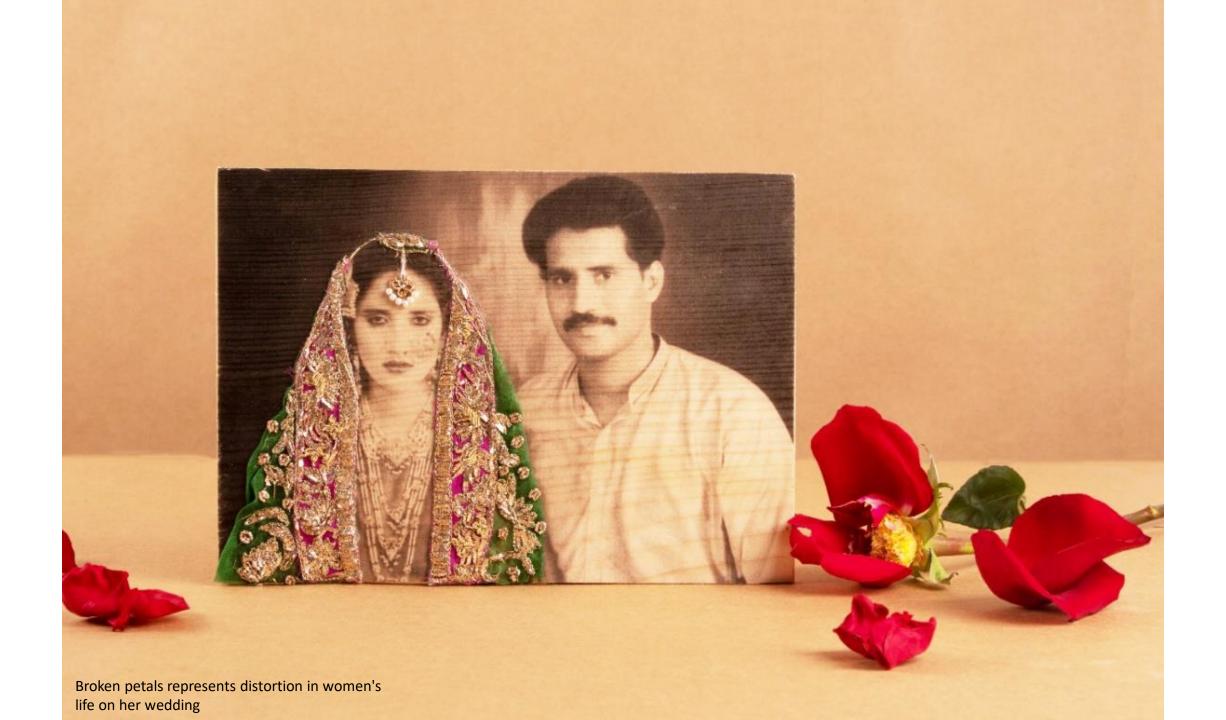
Technique: UV printing, Hand embroidery and











The stain represents the brides who passed the virginity test were happily accepted by the society





The brides photographs at the distance show those women's who didn't pass the virginity test were disowned by the society







Final display shoot









Maham Amjad F2016-560 Textile thesis 2020 Email id:maham7571@gmail.com Behance /LinkedIn:Maham Amjad

Thank you